

AI & Student Success | Real-World Insights from Higher Ed

1.24.2024, 2 p.m. Eastern

Webinar: AI & Student Success | Real-World Insights from Higher Ed

Hosts:

- Doug Lederman, *Inside Higher Ed*
- Colleen Flaherty, Inside Higher Ed
- Melissa Ezarik, Inside Higher Ed
- Alex Leader, Watermark

Panel:

- M'Hammed Abdous, Old Dominion University
- David Crandall, Indiana University-Bloomington
- Will Miller, Embry-Riddle
 Aeronautical University
- Kathe Pelletier, EDUCAUSE

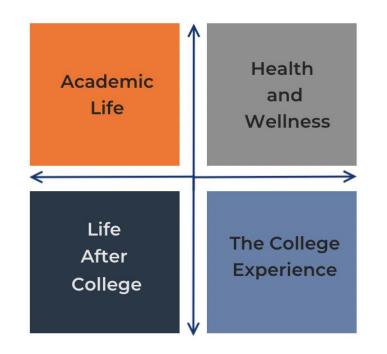


Al and Student Success

Al enables:

- Predictive analytics
- Prescriptive analytics
- Learning analytics
- Chatbots
- Adaptive learning
- Automated feedback
- Assessment
- More...

IHE's 4 Student Success Pillars:





Al and Academic Life

- "Generative Artificial Intelligence for Education and Pedagogy" (Cornell) recommends 3 policy options: Prohibit/ allow with attribution/encourage
- University of Michigan developed U-M GPT and U-M Maizey, Harvard piloted AI TA in CS
- Individual professors are developing GenAl prompt/input formulae
- Ivy Tech uses to Al-enabled analytics to identify and reach out to students at risk





It seems like you're trying to declare the main function with only one parameter. However, in C, the main function should have either zero parameters or two parameters, which are int argc and char *argv[]. The first parameter, argc, represents the number of command-line arguments, and the second parameter, argv, is an array of strings representing each of those arguments.

For the Caesar problem, you'll want to use these parameters to access the command-line argument that represents the key. To do this, you should declare your main function as follows:

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
 // Your code here

Then, you can check if the user has provided the correct number of arguments (in this case, just one additional argument for the key) and handle the input accordingly.

P.S. I am an experimental bot. Quack. Do not assume that my reply is accurate unless you see that it's been "endorsed" by (human) staff. Quack.

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A look at the AI Harvard uses for its CS50 course.



AI and Health and Wellness

Takeaways from chatbot analysis of 1 million student messages:

- 1. Start checks-ins early
- **2.** Boost confidence and opportunities for connection
- 3. Support basic needs
- 4. Invest in student wellness





Al and the College Experience

Involvement and Retention

- College of Saint Mary adopted an Alenabled student success platform and boosted retention 6%, to 88%, from 2021 to 2022
- Indiana University in Pennsylvania increased retention 3% in 2020
- Complete College America's "Attainment With AI" includes 200 applications of AI in boosting student success





Al and Life After College

Takeaways from IHE's Student Voice survey on AI and work:

1. Al is already impacting what students plan to study, especially newer students

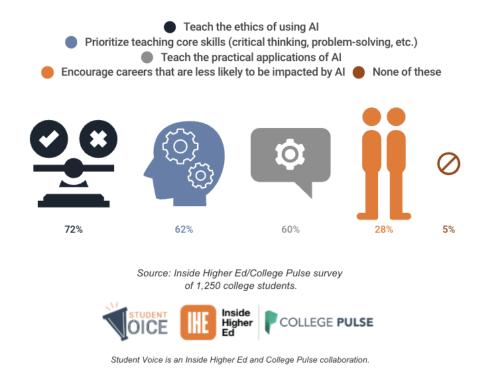
2. Al is impacting students' career plans

3. Most students, across majors, say their *institutions should be readying them for AI in the workplace*

4. Students are seeking both ethical and practical AI training

Al and Work: Preferences for Preparation

Share of students who say their institution should ready them for AI in the workplace in the following ways (multiple options allowed)





AI and Maximizing Data

"Data-informed decisionmaking provides opportunities to promote transparent governance; advance fairness and equity for faculty, students, and staff; and save money."

—Researchers Christine L. Borgman and Amy Brand



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Data blind: Universities lag in capturing and exploiting data

Study finds a pervasive void of infrastructure thinking

CHRISTINE L. BORGMAN AND AMY BRAND Authors Info & Affiliations



Panel Discussion

Sponsor Spotlight:





Alex Leader, Chief Impact Officer



Audience Q & A

Thank you!



